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Appendix II.

[*Vide* answer to question No. 499 asked by Mr. M. B. Rangaswami Reddi at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 8th November 1935, page 894 supra.]

Government School of Technology.

(1) Electrical Engineering	1st year	178	
Do.	2nd "	149	
Do.	3rd "	151	
Do.	4th "	70	
			548
(2) Mechanical Engineering	1st "	68	
Do.	2nd "	49	
Do.	3rd "	31	
Do.	4th "	57	
Do.	5th "	40	
			245
(3) Electric Wiring	1st "	76	
Do.	2nd "	39	
			115
(4) Plumbing	1st "	34	
Do.	2nd "	16	
			50
(5) Printing—Composition and Proof-Reading.	1st "	54	
Do.	2nd "	32	
Printing—Machine Minding	1st "	14	
Do.	2nd "	14	
			114
(6) Metal-workers Drawing	1st "	17	
Do.	2nd "	9	
			26
(7) Wood-workers Drawing	1st "	7	
Do.	2nd "	5	
			12
		Total ..	1,110

Appendix III.

[*Vide* answer to question No. 502 asked by Mr. K. A. Nachiyappa Gounder at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 8th November 1935, page 896 supra.]

Letter from the President of the Salem District Board, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, dated the 14th October 1935, *R.O.C. No.* 2699/35-*H*-4.

[Elementary education—Local boards—Elementary school teachers —Adoption of the revised scales as per G.O. No. 749, L. & M., dated 25th February 1935—Report submitted.]

Adverting to paragraph 1 of G.O. No. 749, L. & M., dated 25th February 1935, I have the honour to submit the following report on the several points raised in the said Government Order.

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2. The scale of pay of elementary schoolmasters in this district was revised as per scales fixed in G.Os. No. 2504, L. & M., dated 22nd May 1934, and No. 5096, L. & M., dated 7th December 1933, and given effect to from 1st July 1934 as per resolution No. 259 (388), dated 28th July 1934 of the Salem District Board. G.O. No. 749, L. & M., dated 25th February 1935, and the necessary statements prepared in this regard were placed before the district board at their meeting held on 28th September 1935 and the sanction of the Board was obtained.

3. Statements in detail refixing the pay of teachers, so as to fit in in the new scales as per instructions contained in paragraph 2 of the Government Order were prepared with the aid of the best information available with regard to the continuous acting service of the teachers, and the sanction of the district board has been obtained for them.

4. Proposition statement for the revision of scale of establishment of certain schools with reference to instructions and principles contained in paragraph 3 of the Government Order was prepared in consultation with the Deputy Inspectors of Boys' Schools and the Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools and the sanction of the Board was obtained for the same.

5. As regards the introduction of temporary cut in the scale of pay of elementary school teachers during the year 1935–36, the same does not appear to be necessary during the current official year as the Elementary Education Budget for 1935–36 of this Board has already been so framed as to meet the increased demand by way of introduction of the revised scale of pay. However this question will again be taken up for the consideration of the Board at the time of preparing the Budget Estimate for 1936–37.

6. As regards the grant of personal pay to the pensionable teachers in Government Girls' schools transferred to the control of local bodies, doubts have beeu raised with reference to the grant of advance increment or personal allowance to them by the now defunct taluk boards, the Board has resolved to refer the matter to the Government for their specific orders in the matter and then sanction the personal pay to such of the deserving teachers. A separate reference in this regard will be made to Government.

7. Elementary higher grade trained teachers are provided in higher grade posts as far as possible and they are paid the scale of pay fixed for elementary higher grade scale.

A copy of district board resolution No. 95 (729), dated 28th September 1935, is enclosed for favour of information:—

Resolution No. 95 (729), *dated the* 28*th September* 1935.

No. 1.—Proposed by M.R.Ry. B. Seetharamayya Garu and seconded by M.R.Ry. K. M. Ratna Mudaliyar that the proposals are approved. The salary as fixed in the statement is sanctioned. The case of the six

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teachers may be referred to Government and necessary sanction accorded after receipt of Government Orders.

No. 2.—Mr. Nachiyappa Gounder proposes and Kumaraswami Gounder seconds that the teachers of Government girls' schools subsequently transferred to the local bodies shall be paid the salary they were getting at the time of the introduction of the new scale as expressly ordered by Government in the Government Order under reference. The case of teachers of purely local fund service who were getting more than the maximum in the new scale at the time of introduction of said scale should be considered for granting the excess over maximum. The case of teachers whose salary should be in excess of what they are getting now on a calculation according to their continuous service acting and permanent as stipulated in the said Government Order should be considered. As defects are found in the statement prepared, fresh statements should be prepared in a correct way, and submitted to the Board for their consideration.

Resolution of Mr. Seetharamayya is put to vote.

19 voted *for*, 2 voted *against*.

The motion is carried.

(Signed) S. ELLAPPA CHETTIYAR,
President

28th September 1935.

APPENDIX IV.

[*Vide* answer to question No. 508 asked by Mr. P. V. Krishnayya Choudari at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 8th November 1935, page 900 supra.]

Letter from the Collector of Nellore, dated 16th October 1935, *L. Dis. No.* 4700/35.

It was only in Kovur taluk of this district that the irrigation of pillipessra (a fodder crop) raised as a second crop after harvesting the first crop paddy was penalized in fasli 1344. The total extent of pillipessra crop irrigated against orders was 1,497·22 acres and the amount of penalty levied was Rs. 2,818–4–0.

2. Last fasli was a year of shortage of water and as there was a likelihood of failure of the first crop at the tail end of the delta, the cultivation of a second crop was prohibited. The ryots who harvested a successful paddy crop knowing that the standing first crop under the delta was in need of water and that the cultivation of second crop was prohibited on account of insufficiency of water, raised pillipessra, a second crop and irrigated it against orders thereby seriously reducing the quantity of water available for the standing food crop. The irrigation of pillipessra was therefore treated as irregular and penalized to the extent of ordinary fasaljasti charge amounting to Rs. 2,818–4–0.